

New Jersey School Boards Association

# Ethics for School Officials

Presented by: NJSBA Field Services Representatives

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# **School Ethics Act**

N.J.S.A. 18A 12-23.1 (effective April 1992)

It is essential that the conduct of members of local boards of education and local administrators hold the **respect** and **confidence** of the people.

These board members and administrators must avoid conduct which is in violation of their public trust or which creates a justifiable impression among the public that such trust is being violated.



## School Ethics Act (effective April 1992) N.J.S.A. 18A:12-23.1

To ensure and preserve public confidence, school board members and local school administrators should have the benefit of specific standards to guide their conduct and of some disciplinary mechanism to ensure the uniform maintenance of those standards among them.

Provisions of this act also apply to charter school trustees and administrators.

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## **NJQSAC – Governance Indicator**

#### Governance Indicator 13:

District board of education members and school administrators annually file a timely and properly completed financial and personal/relative disclosure statement. The district board of education annually discusses the School Ethics Act and no district board of education member or administrator has been found in violation of the School Ethics Act. (N.J.S.A. 18A:12-22 and 26)

### Points: 8

#### Indicator 13 Purpose

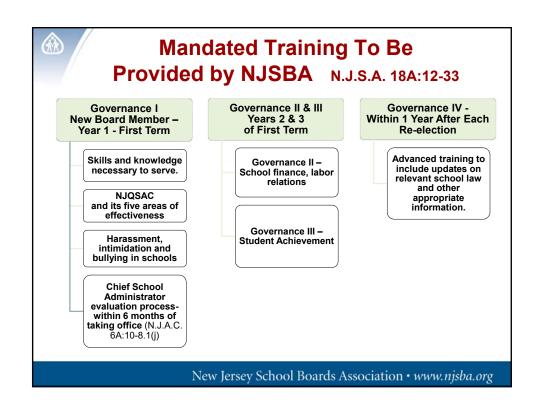
To ensure transparency and ethical conduct of board of education members.

#### **Indicator 13 Documentation for Verification**

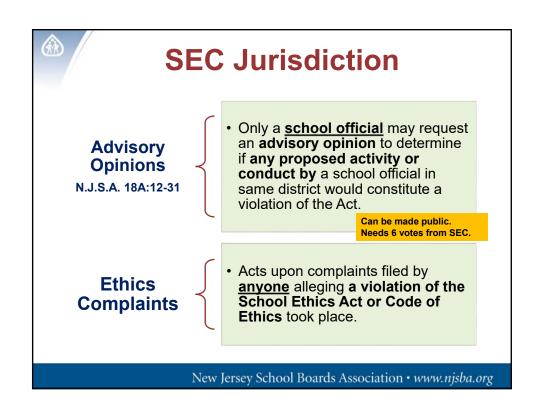
This indicator is monitored remotely.

- Annual online completion of required disclosure statements for board of education members and school administrators.
- Annual discussion of the School Ethics Act, as demonstrated in the board of education minutes.
- List of any board of education member or administrator in the district who has been in violation of the School Ethics Act from the School Ethics Commission.

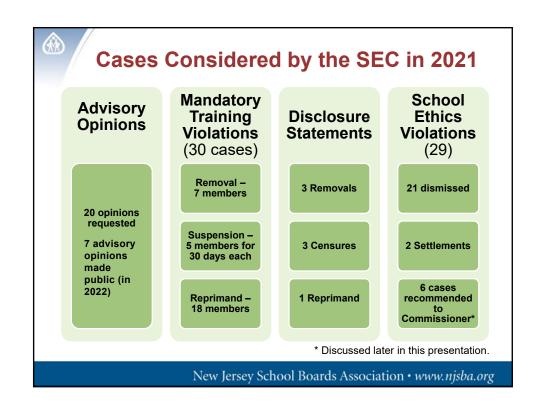














## **Advisory Opinion A13-20**

Only Public Advisory Opinion in 2020

- Superintendent's sister-in-law (brother's wife), a lunch aide in the district (hired before superintendent), was selected by the principals as the finalist for a secretarial position.
- Superintendent asked SEC if it was fair to prohibit a qualified and vetted employee to move into another role only because her brother-in-law is the superintendent?
- SEC advised that if the superintendent recommended his sister-in-law for a
  promotion he would violate N.J.S.A. 18A: 12-24 (b) and/or (c). The public
  would reasonably perceive this action was securing an unwarranted
  privilege, advantage or employment for an "other" and would leave a
  justifiable impression that public trust was being violated.
- Superintendent must also recuse himself from any discussion on sister-inlaw's employment as a lunch aide.

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# Code of Ethics for School Board Members

N.J.S.A. 18A:12-24.1, N.J.A.C. 6A:28-6.4(a)(1)

I will uphold and enforce

all laws, rules and regulations of the State Board of Education, and court orders pertaining to schools. Desired changes shall be brought about only through legal and ethical procedures.



#### **Standards**

Factual evidence shall include a copy of a final decision from any court of law or administrative agency of this State demonstrating that the respondent(s) failed to enforce all laws, rules and regulations of the State Board of Education, and/or court orders pertaining to schools or that the respondent brought about changes through illegal or unethical procedures





I will make decisions in terms of the educational welfare of children and will seek to develop and maintain public schools that meet the individual needs of all children regardless of their ability, race, creed, sex, or social standing.

#### **Standards**

A decision was willfully made contrary to the educational welfare of children, or deliberate action was taken to obstruct the programs and policies designed to meet the individual needs of all children, regardless of their ability, race, color, creed or social standing.

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## Code of Ethics (continued)



I will confine my board action to policy making, planning, and appraisal, and I will help to frame policies and plans only after the board has consulted those who will be affected by them.

### **Standards**

Board action was taken to effectuate policies and plans without consulting those affected by such policies and plans, or action was taken that was unrelated to the respondent's duty to: i. Develop the general rules and principles that guide the management of the school district or charter school; ii. Formulate the programs and methods to effectuate the goals of the school district or charter school; or iii. Ascertain the value or liability of a policy.





I will carry out my responsibility, not to administer the schools, but, together with my fellow board members, to see that they are well run.

#### **Standards**

A direct order was given to school personnel or there was direct involvement in activities or functions that are the responsibility of school personnel or the day-to-day administration of the school district or charter school.

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# Code of Ethics (continued)

I will recognize that

authority rests with the board of education and will make no personal promises nor take any private action that may compromise the board.



## **Standards**

Personal promises were made or action taken beyond the scope of his or her duties such that, by its nature, had the potential to compromise the Board.





I will refuse to surrender my independent judgment to special interest or partisan political groups or to use the schools for personal gain or for the gain of triends.

#### **Standards**

Action was taken on behalf of, or at the request of, a special interest group or persons organized and voluntarily united in opinion and who adhere to a particular political party or cause; or the schools were used in order to acquire some benefit for the respondent(s), a member of his or her immediate family or a friend.

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# Code of Ethics (continued)

I will hold confidential all matters pertaining to the schools which, if disclosed, would needlessly injure individuals or the schools. In all other matters, I will provide accurate information and, in concert with my fellow board members, interpret to the staff the aspirations of the community for its school.



### **Standards**

Took action to make public, reveal or disclose information that was not public under any laws, regulations or court orders of this State, or information that was otherwise confidential in accordance with board policies, procedures or practices. Inaccuracy of information and evidence that establishes that the inaccuracy was other than reasonable mistake or personal opinion or was not attributable to developing circumstances must be substantiated.





I will vote to appoint the best qualified personnel available after consideration of the recommendation of the chief administrative officer.

#### **Standards**

A personnel matter was acted upon without a recommendation of the chief administrative officer.

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# Code of Ethics (continued)



I will support and protect school personnel in proper performance of their duties.

#### **Standards**

Deliberate action was taken which resulted in undermining, opposing, compromising or harming school personnel in the proper performance of their duties.



I will refer all complaints to the chief administrative officer and will act on the complaints at public meetings only after failure of an administrative solution.

#### **Standards**

Acted on or attempted to resolve a complaint, or conducted an investigation or inquiry related to a complaint: i. Prior to referral to the chief administrative officer; or ii. At a time or place other than a public meeting and prior to the failure of an administrative solution.

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# 2021 SEC/Commissioner Decisions

A board member at a public meeting threatened a coach's job and had done so in the previous year as well.

A board member voted to approve the superintendent's merit goals. The member's daughter was a tenured teacher in the district at the time the member participated in the vote.

A board member voted to approve the use of district facilities to an organization from which he derived income.



## 2021 SEC/Commissioner Decisions

A board member distributed paper flyers urging voters to vote for a particular political party, indicating that complainant was leader of a "radical" group who was going to take over town government; board member used title as a board member and had no disclaimer.

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## **2021 SEC Commission Decisions**

A board member wrote an op-ed endorsing a candidate for the board of education and included a disclaimer. The op-ed included multiple references to his position on the board of education and a discussion and comments on board matters.

A board member on his personal Facebook page made anti-Muslim, racist, incendiary and offensive comments.



## **Social Media**

#### **SEC Recommended Disclaimer**

"The following statements are made in my capacity as a private citizen, and not in my capacity as a board member. These statements are also not representative of the board or its individual members, and solely represent my own personal opinions."

 SEC noted that even if an appropriate disclaimer is used, the substance of a post/statement can, nevertheless, render the disclaimer meaningless.... It is the substance of the writing, and not the disclaimer itself, that will dictate whether the school official has rendered a disclaimer meaningless.

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# **Social Media**

## Saini v. Tufano

C48-20 December 22, 2020

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/2020/docs/C48-20.pdf

SEC states "Respondent is still a publicly elected school official who is charged with serving, among other things, the educational needs of a diverse, dynamic, and multifaceted student population. Public words, which derogate from the mission of a board of education serve no purpose, create unnecessary hostility and animosity within a community, and ultimately have the greatest detrimental impact on the very people that Respondent is tasked to serve – the students. Although the Commission acknowledges the sanctity of the First Amendment, words that deliberately cause divisiveness should have no place in the educational setting.



# Social Media - In Summary

- It doesn't matter in what medium the opinion is expressed—rules are the same.
- Use SEC-required disclaimer
- Ensure speech meets requirements of School Ethics Act and/or Code of Ethics.
- Even if speech technically meets the requirements of the ethics laws, you should ask yourself whether it would deliberately cause divisiveness or derogate from the mission of the board of education.

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## Ethical?

There is a Board resolution to approve the hiring of the auditing firm that you work for.

Can you participate in the vote?







## Ethical?

The district has an opening for a LDTC. It would be a perfect job for your nephew who lives two towns away.



Can the district hire your nephew?

The Board is meeting to discuss the superintendent's performance evaluation. Your daughter is a substitute in the district.



Can you participate in the discussion?

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## Ethical?

The Board is voting to approve the Memorandum of Agreement with the local education association. You are a teacher in another district.



Can you participate in the vote?

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# **Collective Bargaining**

A24-17

Relationship to Board Member	Current Member of a Statewide Public Teachers' Union	Participate in Negotiations Yes or No	Vote to Ratify the Contract Yes or No
<ul><li>Spouse</li><li>Dependent Child</li><li>Child (not dependent)</li><li>Relative</li></ul>	Works in the District	No	No
<ul><li>Self</li><li>Spouse</li><li>Dependent Child</li></ul>	Works Out-of- District	No	Yes*
<ul><li>Child (not dependent)</li><li>Relative</li></ul>	Works Out-of- District	Yes*	Yes*

\* Absent another conflict

<sup>\*\*</sup> After Memorandum of Agreement, salary guides, total compensation package attained.



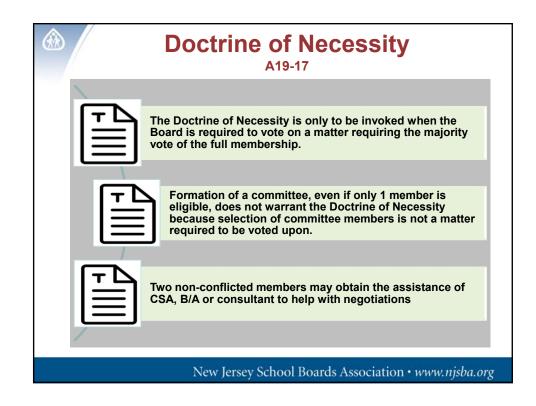
# **Collective Bargaining Other Possible Conflicts**

Not in the unit, but terms of employment linked to unit.

Supervised by employees in the unit

Immediate family member/relative has heightened union involvement.

A10-18: Endorsement of a candidate by a local or statewide union does not create a per se future conflict unless a financial contribution is given and is intended to influence the member.





## **Volunteerism**

# Members are not "banned" from volunteering in their district's schools, but there are important considerations to make.

- Generally, board members may volunteer for activities that support their children, including holding an executive position with the PTA / PTO / HSA.
- HOWEVER, BOE members should refrain from certain activities, based on the degree of involvement with students and/or staff, and the degree to which the school board member has authority to give or receive directions to/from students and/or staff.
- Board members who volunteer in the schools should advise the superintendent of their planned in-school volunteer activity in advance.

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## Before You Volunteer In School...

Become familiar with NJ School Ethics Advisory Opinions on volunteerism, e.g., A15-18; A17-15: A24-15; A32-14.

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/index.shtml

### And ask yourself these questions:

- 1. Will I be giving directions or orders to staff or students? No
- 2. Will I need to take orders from staff? No
- 3. Will I be in the school often? No
- 4. Will it seem to visitors that I work in the school? (i.e., "enmeshed in the building") No
- 5. Will I be handling the school district's money at all? No
- 6. Will I be the lead or regular volunteer for a school district club, or a coach for a school district activity or sport? No
- 7. Does the organization for which I am performing the school-based volunteer work (e.g., Girl Scouts, PTO, Rec Commission) have its own bylaws and bank accounts? Yes

If your answers are different from any of the answers above, your planned volunteerism is likely at odds with the role of school board member. Talk to your superintendent and request input from the school district's attorney.



## **Interview Committees**

**A04-12** One or two board members; **administrative staff coordinates** participation – observations and assessments; CSA recommendation.

**A31-15** Board member involvement in interviews for positions other than that of Superintendent is not encouraged.

 Exceptions in narrow circumstances subject to approval of the superintendent and the guidelines in A04-12.

A15-10 - Exit Interviews - No!

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## Points to Consider...

NJSBA recommends boards develop a list of board members and administrators who have a conflict and review it regularly.





Consult with your Board attorney on ethics issues and to identify conflicted members/administrators.

Continue to check School Board Notes to keep abreast of newly released advisories.





# In Closing...

"School officials must always be cognizant of their responsibility to protect the public trust, to honor their obligation to serve the interest of the public and Board, and to periodically re-evaluate the existence of potential conflicts." (A10-18)

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# **Links for Examples Used**

#### **School Ethics Commission Site:**

Case examples in Ethics presentation:

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/commissioner/2021/164-21SEC.pdf

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/commissioner/2021/208-21SEC.pdf

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/commissioner/2021/303-21SEC.pdf

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/commissioner/2021/304-21SEC.pdf

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/2021/docs/C56-19%20and%20C57-19.pdf

https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/2021/docs/C18-20%20and%20C22-20.pdf

Saini v. Tufano Social Media case example https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/20

#### **Advisory Opinions**

Link to all Advisory Opinions: <a href="https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/advisory/">https://www.nj.gov/education/legal/ethics/advisory/</a>

Opinions related to Volunteerism: A32-14, A10-15, A17-15, A24-15, A15-18

Opinions Related to Interviews: A15-10, A04-12, A31-15

2020 Example in Presentation: A13-20

Doctrine of Necessity: A19-17 Union Endorsement: A10-18

# WHY DO BOARD MEMBERS BREACH CONFIDENTIALITY?

- **Inadvertently** They just don't understand either the importance of the issue or the importance of confidentiality
- To make themselves seem important THEY HAVE INFORMATION THAT NO ONE ELSE DOES AND THAT MAKES THEM SPECIAL
- To attempt to solve a district problem They do something wrong for all the right reasons, knowing that the person they approach in confidence will be able to help with this issue Just this once
- To apply public pressure to the board They know that if the board can't see the light, they should at least feel the heat
- In response to a severely divided board they feel that scoring points, righting wrongs or flexing their muscles doesn't matter because the whole place is disfunctional anyway
- To get an uninvolved (unbiased?) opinion They feel that the rest of the board is too close to the issue and an outsider will help them see things more clearly
- In response to divided loyalties They haven't separated their allegiance to a previous interest group and feel that they "owe" them something for past experiences or support

N.J.S.A. 18A: 12-24.1(g) School Ethics Act, Code of Ethics states:

I will hold confidential all matters pertaining to the schools which, if disclosed, would needlessly injure individuals or the schools. In all other matters, I will provide accurate information and, in concert with my fellow board members, interpret to the staff the aspirations of the community for its school.



## DOS AND DON'TS FOR BOARD MEMBERS BASED ON THE

# **CODE OF ETHICS**

1. DO uphold and enforce all laws, state board rules and regulations, court orders and local board policy when making decisions.

DON'T bend the rules, ask others to bend the rules, or think that you can accomplish anything as an individual that compromises the legal guidelines established by the board.

2. DO make decisions in terms of the educational welfare of all children regardless of their ability, race, creed, sex, or social standing.

DON'T base your decisions on special interest agendas or on what is best for your own child.

3. DO confine your actions to policymaking, planning and appraisal

DON'T become involved in the administration, organization or implementation of the policy and the goals. That's the role of the professional educators.

4. DO understand that your responsibility is to work as a board to see that the schools are well run.

DON'T think that your role is to be involved in the day-to-day running of the schools — that is the administrators' job.

5. DO understand that only the full board has the right to make decisions.

DON'T make personal promises nor take any private action which may compromise the board.

6. DO make decisions based on district goals and policies.

DON'T be swayed by special interest or partisan political groups.

7. DO insist that the board keep the community informed on the progress and needs of the district.

DON'T discuss confidential matters with anyone but the board.

8. DO consider the recommendation of the chief administrative officer on all matters pertaining to education.

DON'T undermine a decision of the board.

- 9. DO support and protect school personnel in proper performance of their duties. DON'T violate the chain of command or publicly criticize staff members.
- 10. DO refer all complaints to the superintendent.

DON'T make any promises to "help" or act on citizen complaints until they reach the board level after failure of an administrative solution.

